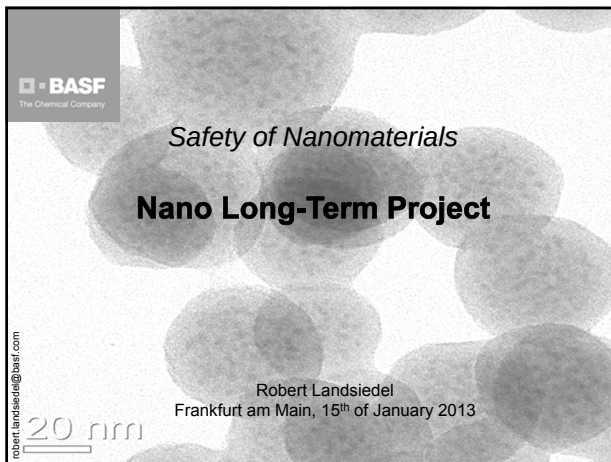




Background

Only two chronic inhalation studies with dusts of nanomaterials exist:

- **TiO₂ P25 (Degussa):**
Tumors in rats after inhalation of 10 mg/m³ for 24 months
- **Carbon black (Printex 90):**
Tumors in rats after inhalation of 11.7 mg/m³ for 24 months

➔ No studies according to OECD test guidelines
No studies with low aerosol concentrations

Safety of Nanomaterials Focus on Long-term Effects and Cancerogenicity

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The carcinogenic potential of nanomaterials, their release from products and options for regulating them

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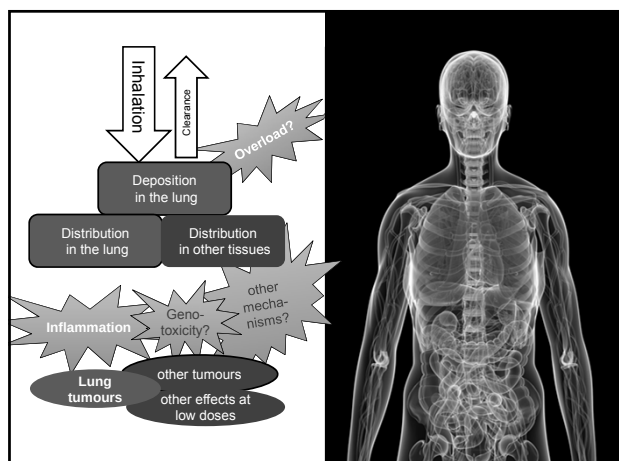
ABSTRACT

A summary of a critical review by a working group of the German Federal Environment Agency and the German Federal Institute for Occupational Safety and Health on the carcinogenic potential of nanomaterials is presented. After a critical review of the available data, we conclude that the potential carcinogenic risk of nanomaterials can currently be assessed only on a case-by-case basis. There is certain evidence that different forms of CNTs (carbon nanotubes) and nanoscale TiO₂ particles may induce tumours in sensitive animal models. It is assumed that the mode of action of the carcinogenicity of carbon-like fibres and of fullerenes involves a combination of effects of oxidative stress, inflammation, and genotoxicity. However, the exact mechanisms of carcinogenicity for these nanomaterials remain unclear and require further research.

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1. Introduction

The term 'nanomaterial' is used to describe materials with at least one dimension in the nanoscale range (1 nm to 100 nm). Nanomaterials are found in a wide variety of products and environments. They are used in a wide range of applications, from medicine to electronics. The potential health effects of nanomaterials are a topic of ongoing research. This paper presents a critical review of the available data on the carcinogenic potential of nanomaterials.



Regulatory Goals

Assess long-term toxicity of granular, biopersistent dusts of nanomaterials

- to aid threshold setting
- same mechanisms as non-nano?
- overload, inflammation or Genotoxicity and other Mechanisms?

Generate data to compare short-term studies' and *in vitro* results

Support

NanoREG (NMP 2012.1.3-3 Regulatory testing of nanomaterials)

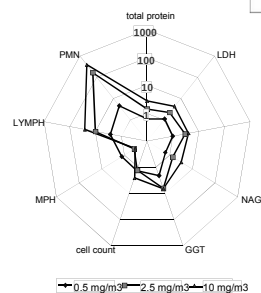
OECD sponsorship program



BASF
The Chemical Company

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Short-term Inhalation on CeO₂



→ Increased inflammation markers even at the low concentration

nanocare

BASF
The Chemical Company

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Testmaterials

CeO ₂	BaSO ₄
NM 212 EU repository	NM 220 EU repository
UV-protection in coating, plastics, cosmetics, novel product: Si-wafer polishing, under evaluation: fuel combustion catalyst	Filler for automotive top/base coats, metallic-effect paints, coil-/ can coats, pigment preparations, wood coatings
Mean particle size: 28 nm BET surface area: 28 m ² /g Crystalline shape: cubic	32 nm 39 m ² /g cubic, rods

Mean particle size:
BET surface area:
Crystalline shape:

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Toxicological Data on CeO₂

Short-term inhalation
(nanocare, 2009)

0.5 2.5 and 10 mg/m³
Mild inflammation, histiocytosis
Not completely reversible in 28 days
No translocation outside lung (&LN)

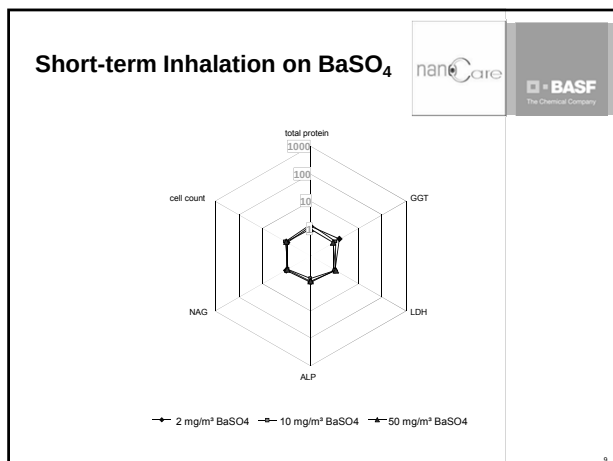
Short-term and 28 day inhalation
(Cassee et al. 2011, Geraets et al. 2012)

Inflammation
Accumulation in pulmonary tissues

nanocare

BASF
The Chemical Company

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Pre-Studies

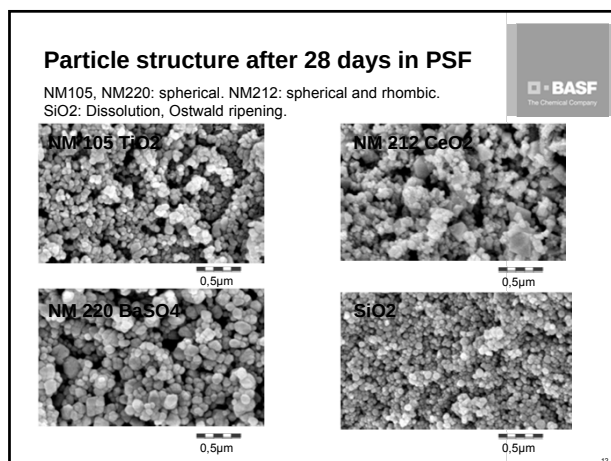
- **Technical pre-studies**
 - Set-up of the equipment
 - Aerosol generation and characterization
- **Biokinetic studies**
 - Persistence in biological media
 - Oral uptake
 - Lung burden and clearance
 - Translocation to extrapulmonary tissues
- **Range-finding studies**
 - Short-term inhalation studies (5 and 28 days)

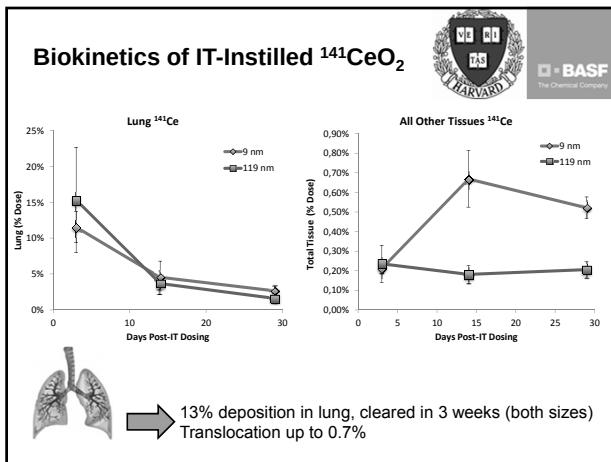
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Toxicological Data on BaSO₄

Short-term inhalation (nanoCare, 2009)	2, 10 and 50 mg/m³ Neither inflammation nor other toxicity No translocation outside lung (&LN)
Subchronic inhalation, non-nano (Cullen et al. 2000, Tran et al. 2000)	75 mg/m³ Mild increase of PMN
2 month inhalation, non-nano (Einbrodt et al. 1972, Holusa et al. 1973)	40 mg/m³ Mild inflammation

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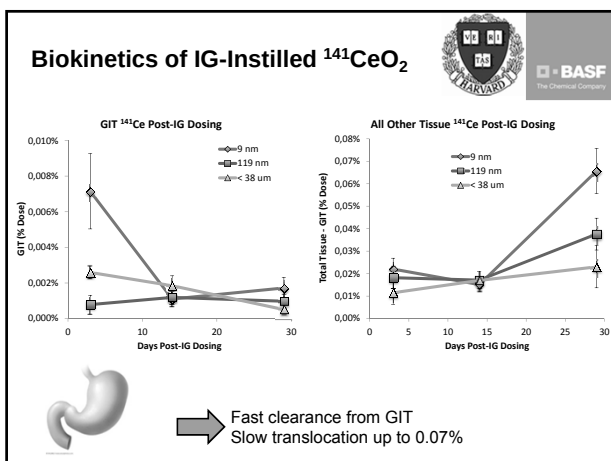




Study Design

OECD TG 453
Under GLP

- Increased sensitivity:**
 - Increased animal number
 - Extended histopathology
 - Post-exposure observation up to six month (30 month total)
- Additional examinations :**
 - Toxicokinetics (lung burden; organ distribution)
 - Genotoxicity
 - Bronchoalveolar lavage

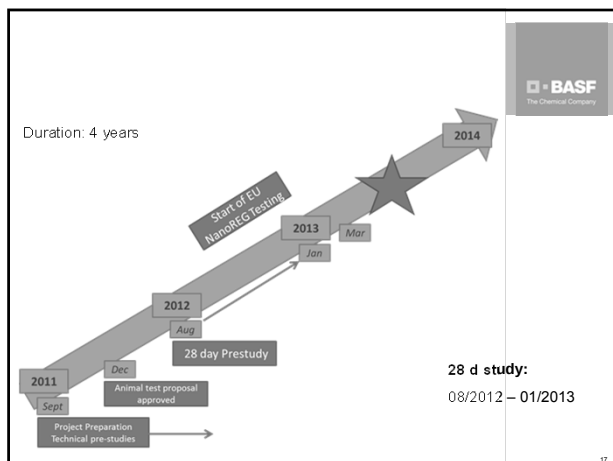


Test Concentrations

Test concentrations will depend on the results of

- 28 days pre-study (BASF)
- Toxicokinetic studies (Harvard University)

Animal number	Concentration	Testmaterial	Expected Inflammation	Expected Overload
100	Low	CeO_2	-	-
100	Low	CeO_2	-	-
100	Mid	CeO_2	x	-
100	High	CeO_2	x	x
100	High	BaSO_4	-	x
100	0	control	-	-



Sehr geehrter Herr Dr. Mellert,

aufgrund des § 8 Abs. 1 des Tierschutzgesetzes in der Fassung der Bekanntmachung vom 18.05.2006 (BGBl. I. S. 1206) zuletzt geändert durch Gesetz vom 15.07.2009 (BGBl. I. S. 1950) i. V. m. § 1 der Landesverordnung über Zuständigkeiten auf dem Gebiet des Tierschutzrechts (GVBl 2005 S. 146) erteile ich Ihnen hiermit die

GENEHMIGUNG

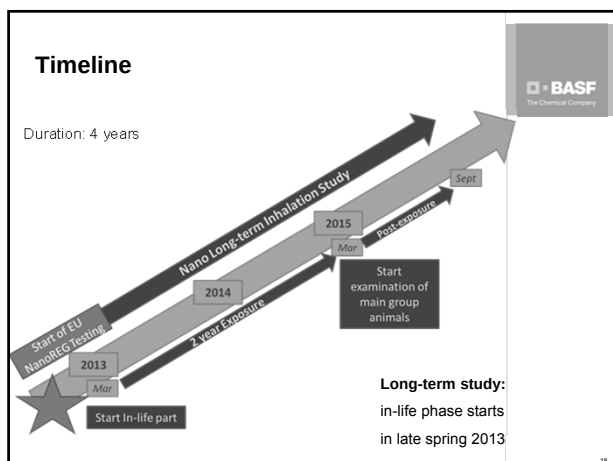
zur Durchführung des Tierversuchsvorhabens

Kombinierte chronische und Kanzerogenitätsstudie mit Nanomaterialien in der Ratte nach inhalativer Exposition

Leiterin des Versuchsvorhabens ist Frau Dr. rer. Lan Ma-Hock, Stellvertreter ist Herr Roland Büsen. Sie erfüllen beide die Voraussetzungen des § 8 Abs. 3 Nr. 2 des Tierschutzgesetzes.

Die Genehmigung gilt bis zum 31.05.2015 und erstreckt sich auf Versuche mit 795 Ratten.

Die von Ihnen aufgezeigte Versuchsplanung einschließlich der Ergänzung vom 03.05.2012 zu den einzusetzenden Materialien ist bindend.



Project Partners



BASF SE, Experimental Toxicology and Ecology
Robert Landsiedel, Lan Ma-Hock, Jana Keller, Sibylle Groeters

BASF SE, Product Safety
Karin Wiench



Bundesministerium für Umwelt, Naturschutz und Reaktorsicherheit
Anke Jesse, Cornelia Leuschner



Bundesanstalt für Arbeitssicherheit und Arbeitsmedizin
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Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung
Peter Laux



Umweltbundesamt
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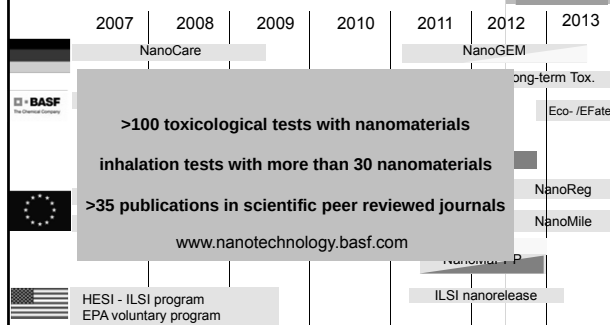
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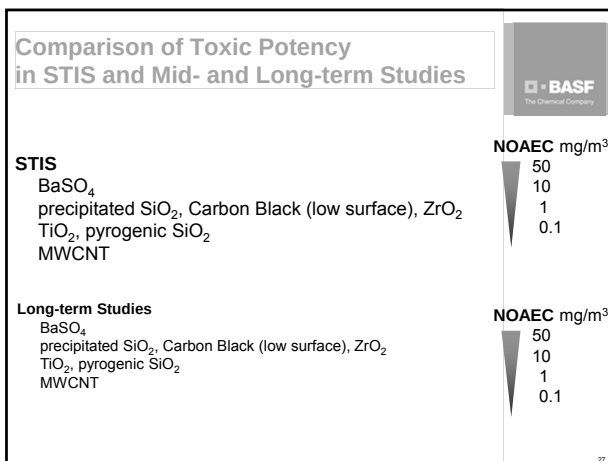
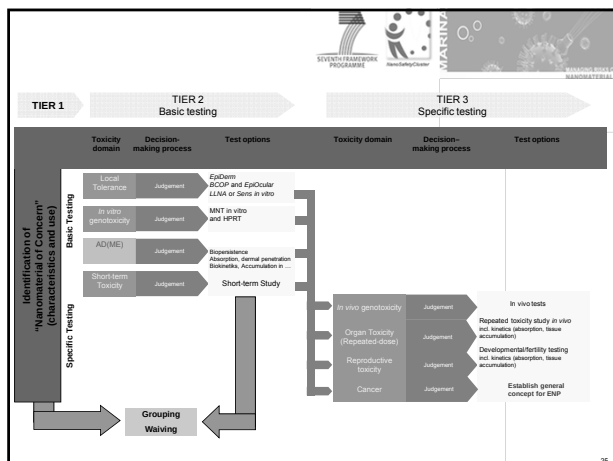


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NanoSafety Projects at BASF



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Summary of Effects with different Nanomaterials

Material	Conc. [mg/ml]	NOAEC [mg/ml]	BAL	Pathology	Reversibility	Translocation
Quarz	100	-	pronounced inflammation	diffuse histiocytosis granulomatous inflammation	not complete	no indication
SiO_2	0.5; 2.5; 10	10	no effects	no effects	-	no indication
SiO_2 coated	0.5; 2.5; 10	10	no effects	no effects	-	Yes in Spleen
p TiO_2	250	-	inflammation	diffuse histiocytosis / increased apoptosis	not complete	no indication
TiO_2	2; 10; 50	2	inflammation	histiocytosis	not complete	no indication
p ZnO	12.5	-	inflammation	mild diffuse histiocytosis nose: necrosis	yes	Yes (Zn ions?)
ZnO	0.5; 2.5; 12	≤ 0.5	inflammation	lung: inflammation / cell death; nose: necrosis	yes	Yes (Zn ions?)
CeO_2	0.5; 2.5; 10	< 0.5	inflammation	histiocytosis, mild inflammation	not complete	n.d.
CeO_2 dotted	0.5; 2; 10	< 0.5	inflammation	histiocytosis, mild inflammation	not complete	n.d.
BaSO_4	2; 10; 50	50	no adverse finding	no adverse finding	-	n.d.
Carbon-black	0.5; 2.5; 10	10	no effects	no effects	-	n.d.
MWCNT	0.1; 0.5; 2.5	≤ 0.1	inflammation	inflammation	no	no indication

